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Supporting Information

Regiodivergent Synthesis of *ortho-* and *para-*Cannabinoquinones

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General Experimental Procedures

IR spectra were recorded on an Avatar 370 FT-IR Techno-Nicolet apparatus. ¹H (400 MHz) and ¹³C (100 MHz) NMR spectra were measured on Bruker Avance 400 MHz spectrometer or on a Bruker Avance 500 MHz. Chemical shifts were referenced to the residual solvent signal (CDCl₃: $\delta_{\rm H}$ = 7.21, $\delta_{\rm C}$ = 77.0). Homonuclear ¹H connectivities were determined by the Correlation spectroscopy (COSY) experiment. One-bond heteronuclear ¹H–¹³C connectivities were determined with the heteronuclear single quantum coherence (HSQC) spectroscopy experiment. Two- and three-bond ¹H–¹³C connectivities were determined by gradient two-dimensional (2D) heteronuclear multiple bond correlation (HMBC) experiments optimized for a ^{2,3}J = 9 Hz. Low- and high-resolution electrospray ionization mass spectrometry (ESI-MS) data were determined on an LTQ OrbitrapXL (Thermo Scientific) mass spectrometer.

Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) on Merck 60 F254 (0.25 mm) plates, visualized by staining with 5% H_2SO_4 in EtOH and heating. Organic phases were dried with Na_2SO_4 before evaporation. Chemical reagents and solvents were purchased form Sigma-Aldrich and were used without further purification unless stated otherwise. Petroleum ether with boiling point of 40–60 °C was used. Silica gel 60 (70–230 mesh) was used for gravity column chromatography (GCC).

All starting cannabinoids were available from previous studies in the area (see Reff. 9, 13 and 18 in the main text).

SIBX Oxidation of cannabinoids. Reaction with *O*-methyl CBD (1b) as representative: To a cooled (ice bath) solution of *O*-methyl CBD (1b, 200 mg, 0.609 mmol, R_f = 0.47 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5 as eluant) in ethyl acetate (10 mL), SIBX (39 wt. %, 1.44 g, 2.010 mmol, 3.33 molar equiv.) was added in small portions. At the end of the addition, the cooling bath was removed, and the suspension was stirred at room temperature. After 18 h, the reaction mixture was filtered over a pad of diatomaceous earth. The filtration cake was washed with EtOAc (10 mL), and the pooled filtrates were washed with saturated Na₂S₂O₃ (4 × 15 mL) and next with brine. After drying and evaporation, the residue was purified by GCC on silica gel (10 g, petroleum ether–EtOAc 95:5 as eluant) to obtain a dark red oil identified as *o*-*O*-methyl CBDQ (10, 98 mg, 47%, R_f = 0.19 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5). Similar differences in R_f between reactants and reaction products were observed for all other reactions of SIBX oxidation.



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ortho-O-Methylcannabidiolquinone (Me-CBDQ, 10): dark red oil, 47% yield, R_f = 0.19 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2955, 2924, 2857, 1643, 1431, 1107, 886 cm⁻¹ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.83 (bs, H-4'), 5.06 (bd, J = 2.5 Hz, H-2), 4.56 (bs, H-9a), 4.52 (bs, H-9b), 3.87 (s, 5'-OMe), 3.65 (m, H-3), 2.67 (dt, J = 9.2, 3.0 Hz, H-4), 2.41 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, H-1"), 2.17 (m, H-6a), 2.04 (m, H-6b), 1.95 (m, H-5), 1.64 (bs, H-7), 1.61 (bs, H-10), 1.50 (m, H-2"), 1.32 (overlapped, H-3"), 1.30 (overlapped, H-4"), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, H-5"). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 180.6 (C-1'), 178.6 (C-2'), 164.4 (C-5'), 148.7 (C-8), 142.6 (C-4'), 133.0 (C-1), 128.0 (C-3'), 124.2 (C-6'), 123.6 (C-2), 110.4 (C-9), 45.1 (C-4), 31.8 (C-1"), 31.5 (C-3"), 30.6 (C-5), 30.4 (C-6), 30.2 (C-2"), 29.3 (C-3), 24.0 (C-7), 22.5 (C-4"), 18.5 (C-10), 14.5 (C-5"). ; HRESI-MS: *m/z* calcd. for C₂₂H₃₁O3 [M+H]⁺ 343.2273, found 343.2279.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 10 in CDCl₃



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound **10** in CDCl₃



Figure S3. 2D NMR COSY spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl₃



Figure S4. 2D NMR HMBC spectrum of compound 10 in CDCl₃



Figure S5. 2D NMR NOESY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{10}$ in CDCl₃



11

ortho-O-Methylcannabigeroquinone (CBGQ, 11): dark red oil, 37% yield R_f = 0.18 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2956, 2925, 2855, 1655, 1638, 1345, 1107 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.89 (bs, 1H), 5.08 (m, 2H), 3.97 (s, 3H), 3.05 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.98 (m, 2H), 1.72 (bs, 3H), 1.67 (bs, 3H), 1.50 (bs, 3H), 1.49-1.32 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_c 180.6, 178.9, 163.3, 142.4, 136.1, 134.3, 131.3, 127.7, 124.3, 120.7, 56.6, 39.7, 31.4, 29.7, 27.9, 26.7, 25.7, 22.4, 21.6, 17.7, 16.1, 13.9. HRESI-MS: *m/z* calcd. for C₂₂H₃₃O₃ [M+H]⁺ 345.2430, found 345.2430.



Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 11 in CDCl₃



Figure S7. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound **10** in CDCl₃



ortho-Δ8-Tetrahydrocannabinolquinone (THCQ, 13a): dark red oil, 51% yield, R_f = 0.46 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2956, 2925, 2852, 1639,1584, 1388, 1184, 1112 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.49 (bs, 1H), 5.30 (bs, 1H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.49 (dt, J^1 = 11.0 Hz, J^2 = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.75-1.20 (overlapped m, 6H), 1.45 (s, 1H), 1.21 (s, 6H), 0.91 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 181.2, 177.7, 162.9, 143.3, 134.4, 118.6, 114.9, 82.1, 43.6, 35.2, 31.4, 29.8, 28.7, 27.4, 27.1, 26.9, 23.3, 22.4, 19.4, 13.9. HRESI-MS: m/z calcd. for C₂₁H₂₉O₃, [M+H]⁺ 329.2122, found 329.2122.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 13a in CDCl₃



Figure S9. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 13a in CDCl₃



3'-Depentyl-3'-(α,α-dimethylheptyl)-*ortho*-Δ8-tetrahydrocannabinol quinone (DMH-THCQ, 13b): dark red oil, 54% yield, R_f= 0.30 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR ν_{max} (KBr disc): 2956, 2925, 2856, 1589, 1379, 1112, 919 cm⁻¹. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{H} 6.38 (bs, 1H), 5.31 (bs, 1H), 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.39 (dt, J^{1} = 11.1 Hz, J^{2} = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.67-1.49 (overlapped m, 8H), 1.37 (s, 1H), 1.27-0.89(overlapped m, 16H), 0.78 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{C} (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.7, 177.8, 162.9, 149.8, 134.7, 134.5, 118.6, 114.9, 82.2, 43.5, 40.6, 38.5, 35.1, 31.8, 29.8, 29.7, 27.3, 27.2, 27.1, 27.0, 25.1, 23.3, 22.7, 19.5, 14.1. HRESI-MS: m/z calcd. for C₂₅H₃₇O₃, [M+H]⁺ 385.2672, found 385.2677.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 13b in CDCl₃



Figure S11. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 13b in CDCl₃



ortho-Cannabinolquinone (CBNQ, 14a): purple oil, 58% yield, R_f= 0.31 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR *v_{max}* (KBr disc): 2955, 2924, 2855, 1649, 1382, 1145, 1110, 811 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 8.30 (s, 1H,), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (bs, 1H), 2.40 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 6H), 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ 180.2, 175.3, 163.3, 144.7, 138.1, 133.8, 131.8, 128.9, 125.7, 122.3, 111.0, 82.7, 53.6, 31.6, 29.8, 29.0, 28.3, 27.4, 22.4, 21.4, 13.9; ESI-MS m/z 325 [M+H]⁺; HR ESI-MS *m/z* 325.1791 [M+H]⁺, calcd. for C₂₁H₂₅O₃, 325.1798.



Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 14a in CDCl₃



Figure S13. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 14a in CDCl₃



3'-Depentyl-3'-(α,α-Dimethylhepty)-*ortho*-cannabinolquinone (14b): purple oil, 58% yield R_f= 0.21 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2955, 2924, 2856, 1649, 1376, 1145, 1110, 813 cm⁻; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ_H 8.33 (s, 1H,), 7.12 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (bs, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.73 (s, 6H), 1.70 (overlapped m, 2H) 1.33-0.99 (m, 14H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ_c 179.9, 176.4, 163.1, 151.2, 137.9, 134.1, 131.8, 128.9, 125.7, 124.6, 122.3, 110.8, 82.7, 40.6, 38.8, 31.7, 29.7, 29.7, 28.4, 27.3, 25.1, 22.6, 21.3, 14.0. HRESI-MS: m/z calcd. for C₂₅H₃₃O₃, [M+H]⁺ 381.2430, found 381.2437.



Figure S14. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 14b in CDCl₃



Figure S15. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 14b in CDCl₃



para-Cannabichromenquinone (CBCQ, 16a): red oil, 59% yield, R_f = 0.47 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2957, 2926, 2852, 1648, 1580, 1324, 1078, 969, 891 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.48 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, H-1), 6.42 (s, H-2'), 5.57 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, H-2), 5.09 (bt, J = 8.5 Hz, H-6), 2.42 (t, J = 8.5 Hz, H-1''), 2.07 (m, H-5), 1.95 (m, H-4a), 1.66 (bs, H-8), 1.63 (overlapped, H-4b), 1.58 (bs, H-9), 1.50 (m, H-2''), 1.48 (s, H-10), 1.32 (overlapped, H-3''), 1.30 (overlapped, H-4''), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, H-5''). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 184.6 (C-1'), 181.8 (C-4'), 150.9 (C-5'), 147.8 (C-3'), 132.5 (C-7), 131.1 (C-2'), 128.5 (C-2), 123.3 (C-6), 115.1 (C-1), 114.9 (C-6'), 82.6 (C-3), 41.5 (C-4), 31.5 (C-3''), 30.2 (C-2''), 28.4 (C-1''), 27.2 (C-10), 25.5 (C-8), 22.7 (C-4''), 22.3 (H-5), 17.6 (C-9), 14.2 (C-5''). ESI-MS m/z 329 [M+H]⁺; HR ESI-MS m/z 329.2107 [M+H]⁺, calcd. for C₂₁H₂₅O₃, 329.2111.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 16a in CDCl₃



Figure S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 16a in CDCl₃



Figure S18. 2D NMR COSY spectrum of compound 16a in CDCl₃



Figure S19. 2D NMR HSQC spectrum of compound 16a in CDCl₃



Figure S20. 2D NMR HMBC spectrum of compound 16a in CDCl₃



3'-Depentyl-3'(α,α-dimethylheptyl)cannabichromenquinone (CBCQ, 16b): red oil, 57% yield, R_f= 0.51 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2957,2924, 2856, 1648, 1080 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{H} 6.47 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (bs, 1H), 5.56 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (bt, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.52 (m, 4H), 1.67 (bs, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.32-0.97 (m, 16H), 0.86 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_{C} 184.7, 181.4, 153.2, 151.3, 132.2, 132.1, 128.6, 123.3, 115.2, 114.2, 83.2, 41.5, 40.7, 38.7, 31.7, 29.7, 27.6, 27.3, 25.6, 25.1, 22.6, 22.5, 17.6, 14.0. HRESI-MS: m/z calcd. for C₂₅H₃₇O₃[M+H]⁺ 385.2743, found 385.2739.



Figure S21. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 16b in CDCl₃



Figure S22. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 16b in CDCl₃



3'-Depentyl-3'(α,α-dimethylheptyl)geranyl-*para*-cannabichromenquinone (CBCQ, 16c): red oil, 51% yield, R_f= 0.48 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2956,2923, 2855, 1649, 1449, 1181, 1080 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃), δ = 6.47 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 10H), 6,42 (s, 1H), 5.57 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (m, 3H), 2.13-1.96 (m, 10H), 1.74-1.59 (m, 16H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.29-1.18 (m, 12 H), 1.05 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 184.71, 181.45, 153.22, 151.35, 135.97, 135.05, 132.18, 131.27, 128.67, 124.38, 124.08, 123.14, 115.22, 114.25, 83.21, 41.55, 40.76, 39.72, 39.65, 38.71, 31.71, 29.77, 27.65, 27.63, 27.30, 26.76, 26.54, 25.71, 25.14, 22.62, 22.45, 17.70, 16.01, 14.06.



Figure S23. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 16c in CDCl₃



Figure S24. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound 16c in CDCl₃

PTR
16c

PTR
PTR

Figure S25. SIBX oxidation of compound **15c** before work-up and purification. Left: TLC in visible light. Centre: TLC under UV lamp (λ = 254 nm). Right: TLC after stain in H₂SO₄ 5% in EtOH and heating.

15c



3'-Depentyl-3'(*α*,*α*-dimethylheptyl)geranyl-*ortho*-cannabichromenquinone (CBCQ, 17): Purple oil (5%), R_f= 0.26 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 6.53 (s, 1H), 6.49 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 2H), 5.11 (m, 3H), 2.15-1.96 (m, 10H), 1.74-1.54 (m, 16H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.3-1.14 (m, 12H), 1.05 (m, 2H), 0.87 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). 13^c NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ = 180.38, 174.72, 163.44, 151.24, 136.06, 135.13, 132.74, 131.31, 124.38, 124.36, 124.01, 123.18, 123.09, 115.71, 109.98, 84.60, 41.88, 40.64, 39.72, 39.68, 39.00, 31.75, 29.78, 27.77, 27.43, 27.40, 26.76, 26.53, 25.71, 25.13, 23.83, 22.65, 22.50, 17.70, 16.03, 14.07. We were not able to collect IR and Mass spectra due to the fast interconversion of **17** in **16c**.



Figure S26. ¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz) of compound 17 in CDCl₃



Figure S27. ¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz) of compound **17** in CDCl₃



To a stirred solution of CBC (**15a**, 150 mg, 0.478 mmol, R_f = 0.24 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5 as eluant) in MeCN/H₂O 6:1 (2 mL), a solution of bis(trifluoroacetoxy)iodobenzene (PIFA, 641 mg, 1.493 mmol, 3.125 molar equiv.) in MeCN/H₂O 6:1 (2 mL) was added dropwise. The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After completion of the reaction (20 minutes), the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (10 mL) and washed with saturated Na₂CO₃ (4 × 15 mL) and next with brine. After drying and evaporation, the residue was purified by GCC on silica gel (10 g, petroleum ether–EtOAc 95:5 as eluant) to obtain a red oil identified as *p*-CBCQ (**16a**, 86 mg, 55%, R_f = 0.47 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5). Spectroscopic characterizations were in accordance with the previous data reported at page 16.

Methylation of cannabinoquinoids. Reaction with CBDQ (3a) as example

Methylation of cannabinoquinoids. Reaction with CBDQ (3a) as example

To a stirred solution of CBDQ (**3a**, 200 mg, 0.609 mmol, R_f = 0.13, petroleum ether-DCM 95:5) in dry DMF (5 mL), NaHCO₃ (102 mg, 1.218 mmol, 2 molar equiv) was added. The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes, and then methyl lodide (282 µL, 3,045 mmol, 5 eq) was added dropwise. The solution was stirred at room temperature overnight, then diluted with EtOAc (15 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with NaOH 2M (3x 15 mL) and next with brine. After drying and evaporation, the residue was purified by GCC on silica gel (10 g, petroleum ether as eluant) to obtain **3b** as a dark orange oil (160 mg, 76%, R_f = 0.24, petroleum ether-DCM 95:5).



para-O-Methylcannabidiolquinone (Me-CBDQ, 3b): dark orange oil, 76% yield, R_f = 0.24 in petroleum ether-DCM 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2956,2926, 2857, 1649, 1260, 890 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.37 (bs, H-2'), 5.09 (bd, J = 2.5 Hz, H-2), 4.54 (bs, H-9a), 4.50 (bs, H-9b), 3.87 (s, 5'-OMe), 3.72 (m, H-3), 2.67 (dt, J = 9.2, 2.5 Hz, H-4), 2.36 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, H-1"), 2.17 (m, H-6a), 1.97 (overlapped, H-6b), 1.94 (overlapped, H-5), 1.67 (bs, H-7), 1.61 (bs, H-10), 1.50 (m, H-2"), 1.32 (overlapped, H-3"), 1.30 (overlapped, H-4"), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, H-5"). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 187.9 (C-1'), 184.1 (C-4'), 156.8 (C-5'), 148.2 (C-8), 147.3 (C-3'), 135.5 (C-6'), 133.2 (C-1), 132.5 (C-2'), 122.8 (C-2), 110.9 (C-9), 45.3 (C-4), 31.3 (C-1"), 31.5 (C-3"), 30.6 (C-5), 30.4 (C-6), 30.2 (C-2"), 29.1 (C-3), 24.2 (C-7), 22.5 (C-4"), 18.1 (C-10), 14.5 (C-5"). HRESI-MS: m/z calcd. for C₂₂H₃₁O₃ [M+H]⁺ 343.2273, found 343.2279.



Figure S29. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz) of compound **3b** in CDCl₃



Figure S30. 2D NMR COSY spectrum of compound $\mathbf{3b}$ in CDCl₃



Figure S31. 2D NMR NOESY spectrum of compound 3b in CDCl₃



para-O-methylcannabigerolquinone (CBGQ, 4b): orange oil, 35% yield, R_f = 0.63 in petroleum ether-EtOAc 95:5. IR v_{max} (KBr disc): 2957, 2926, 2857, 1650, 1445, 1265, 1199, 1107, 894 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_H 6.89 (bs, 1H), 4.98 (m, 2H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.06 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (td, *J*¹ = 7.9 Hz, *J*² = 1.4, 2H), 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.66 (bs, 3H), 1.58 (bs, 3H), 1.50 (bs, 3H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.26 (m, 4H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ_C 188.2, 184.1, 155.6, 147.6, 137.1, 132.2, 131.9, 131.4, 124.2, 120.0, 60.9, 39.7, 31.5, 29.7, 28.6, 27.5, 26.6, 25.7, 22.4, 17.7, 16.1, 13.9. HRESI-MS: *m/z* calcd. for C₂₂H₃₃O₃ [M+H]⁺ 345.2430, found 345.2422.





Figure S33. ¹³C NMR spectrum (125 MHz) of compound 4b in CDCl₃